

①  $22.5 \text{ kN}$  @  $x = -1$

②  $7.5 \text{ kN}$  @  $x = 1$

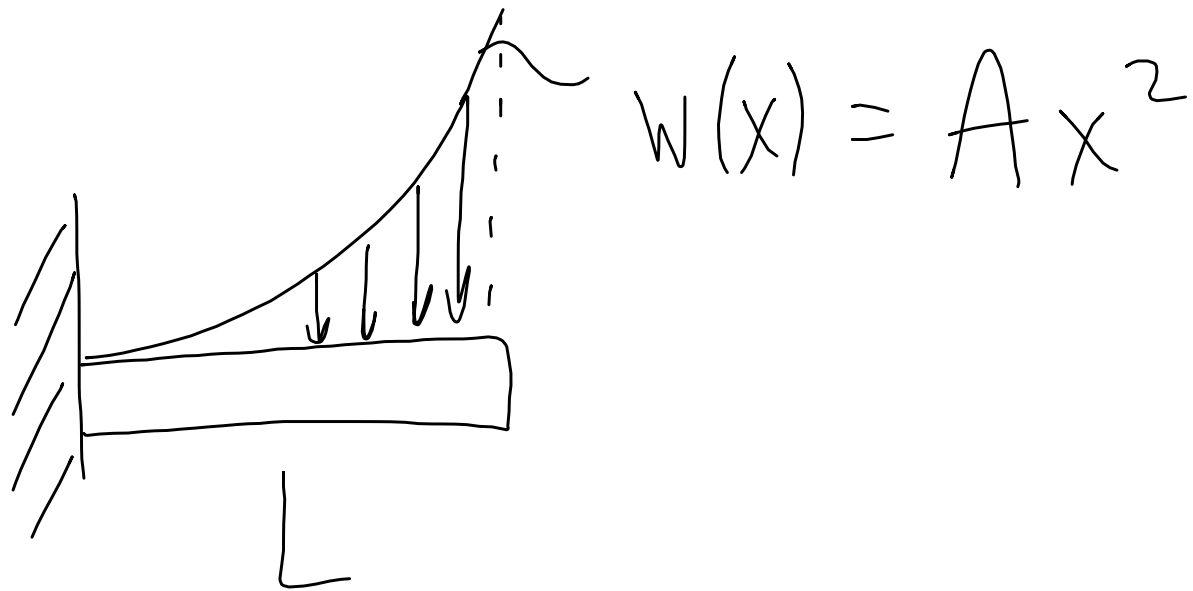
③  $30 \text{ kN}$  @  $x = 1.5$

④  $15 \text{ kN}$  @  $x = 4$

$F_R = 75 \text{ kN}$

$\sum M_o = 22.5(-1) + 7.5(1) + 30(1.5) + 15(4) = 90 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$

$X_R = \frac{90}{75} = 1.2 \text{ m}$



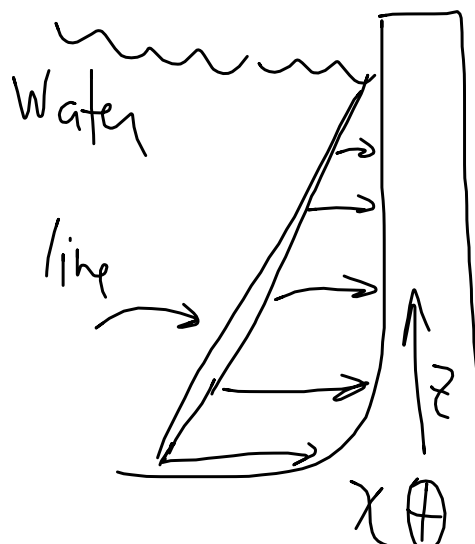
$$F_R = \int_0^L w(x) dx = \int_0^L Ax^2 dx = \frac{Ax^3}{3} \Big|_0^L = \frac{AL^3}{3}$$

$$M_0 = \int_0^L x w(x) dx = \int_0^L Ax^3 dx = \frac{Ax^4}{4} \Big|_0^L = \frac{AL^4}{4}$$

$$X_R = \frac{M_0}{F_R} = \frac{AL^4/4}{\frac{AL^3}{3}} = \frac{3}{4}L$$


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## Practical distributed forces



Water

line

$x$

$z$

Wall surface

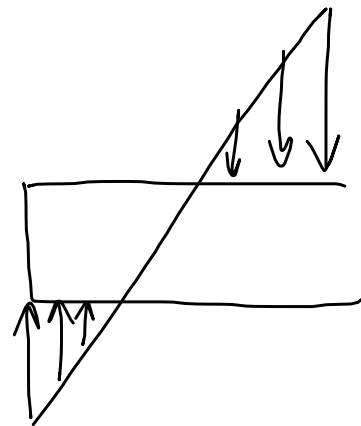
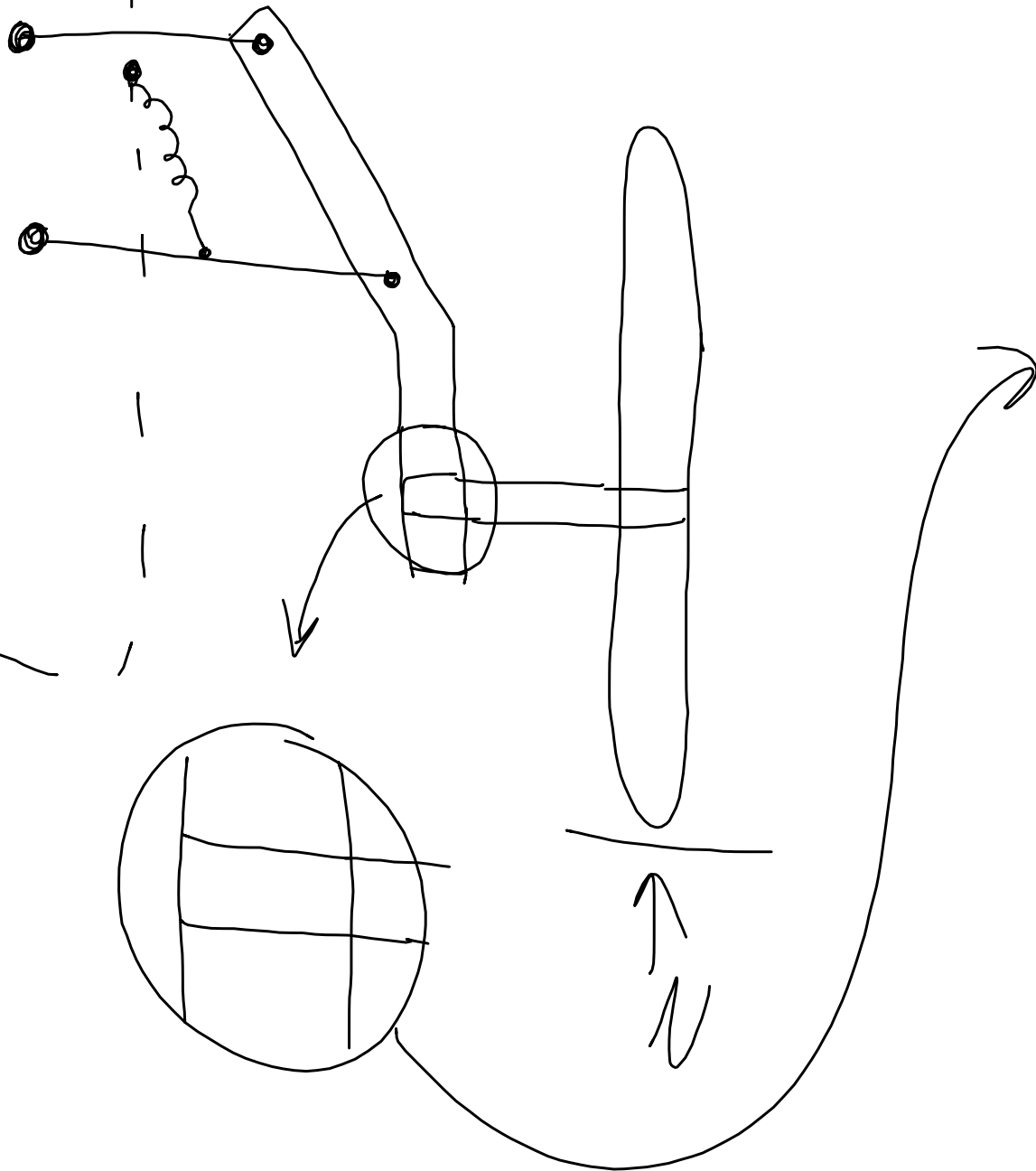
$P(d) = P_{top} + \rho g d$   $d = \text{depth}$

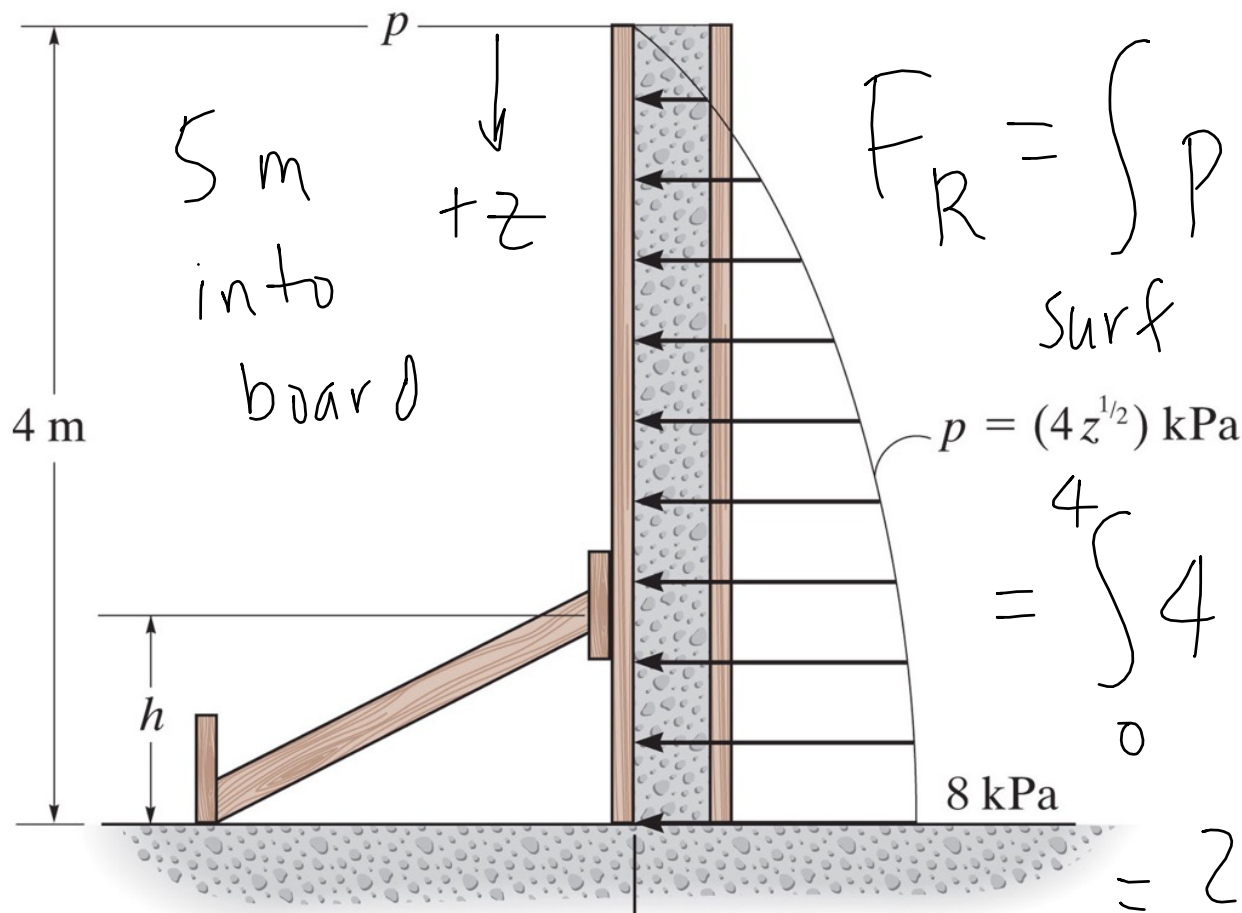
$F_R = \int P(x, z) dA$   $\xrightarrow[\text{width}]{\text{uniform}}$   $\int \underbrace{p(x, z) W}_{f(z)} dz$

out.

# Solar car example

frame





$$F_R = \int_{\text{surf}} p dA = \int_0^4 p W dz$$

Surf

$W(z)$

$$= \int_0^4 4z^{1/2} 5 dz$$

$$= 20 \left. \frac{z^{3/2}}{3/2} \right|_0^4 = \frac{320}{3} = 106.6 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{\text{top}} = \int z 5 (4z^{1/2}) dz = 20 \left. \frac{z^{5/2}}{5/2} \right|_0^4$$

$$z_R = \frac{256}{106.6} = 2.4 \text{ m from top}$$

$$= 8 \cdot 2^5 = 256 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$